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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/997,082	11/28/2001	John Charles Clark	57254US002	6097
32692	7590 01/26/2009	;	EXAM	INER
3M INNOV PO BOX 334	ATIVE PROPERTI	PIZIALI, A	PIZIALI, ANDREW T	
ST. PAUL, MN 55133-3427			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1771	

DATE MAILED: 01/26/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/997,082	CLARK ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Andrew T Piziali	1771				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address -	-			
THE - External after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLEMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reput of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuted the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communica  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ition.			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 3	lanuary 2005.					
2a)□	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s action is non-final.					
3)	<u> </u>						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)🖂	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>10-19</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.					
	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 November 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)[	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) 🗔	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigi	n priority under 35 U.S.C. &	119(a)-(d) or (f)				
_	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	r priority under 66 6.6.6. 3	110(a) (a) or (i).				
/-	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documen		polication No.				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	· ·					
	application from the International Burea		3-1-0-1				
* S	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies not a	eceived.				
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) 🔯 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)				
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s	)/Mail Date				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/12/2004</u> .	) 5) ☐ Notice of in 6) ☐ Other:	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Appeal Brief

- 1. In view of the Appeal Brief filed on 1/10/2005, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. New grounds of rejection are set forth below.
- 2. To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:
- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
  - (2) request reinstatement of the appeal.

If reinstatement of the appeal is requested, such request must be accompanied by a supplemental appeal brief, but no new amendments, affidavits (37 CFR 1.130, 1.131 or 1.132) or other evidence are permitted. See 37 CFR 1.193(b)(2).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 10-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPN 6,803,143 to Zuber et al. (hereinafter referred to as Zuber) in view of any one of USPN

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3,573,991 to Lenfant et al. (hereinafter referred to as Lenfant) or USPN 4,897,286 to Kosuda et al. (hereinafter referred to as Kosuda).

Regarding claims 10-19, Zuber discloses a method of making a hydrophobic carbon fiber construction comprising the step of immersing a carbon fiber construction in an aqueous dispersion of highly fluorinated polymer (see the entire document including column 7, lines 19-30).

Although Zuber fails to mention electrophoretically depositing the highly fluorinated polymer on the carbon fiber construction, Lenfant and Kosuda each disclose that it is known to contact particles with a counterelectrode and electrophoretically deposit the particles on a carbon fiber construction by applying an electric current between the carbon fiber construction and the counterelectrode to ensure a uniform coating on the carbon fiber construction (see entire documents including column 3, lines 65-75 of Lenfant and the paragraph bridging columns 5 and 6 of Kosuda). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to electrophoretically deposit the highly fluorinated polymer particles on the carbon fiber construction by applying an electric current between the carbon fiber construction and the counterelectrode to ensure a uniform coating on the carbon fiber construction.

Regarding claims 11, 13 and 19, Zuber discloses that the carbon fiber construction can be sintered (see column 7, lines 19-30 of Zuber).

Regarding claims 12-19, considering that the hydrophobic carbon fiber construction taught by the prior art is made by a method identical to the currently claimed method, it appears that the hydrophobic carbon fiber construction taught by the prior art inherently possesses a monolayer (as defined on page 3, lines 2-6 of the current specification) of particles of highly

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fluorinated polymer. In the event that it is shown that a monolayer does not exist, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to vary the voltage and/or current applied to vary the amount of polymer deposited, such that a monolayer of particles of highly fluorinated polymer was deposited based on the desired amount of polymer and because discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art (see column 5, lines 60-64 of Kosuda).

Regarding claims 15-16, Zuber discloses that the highly fluorinated polymer may be PTFE (see column 7, lines 19-30).

Regarding claims 17-18, Zuber discloses that the carbon fiber construction may be a woven or nonwoven carbon fiber construction (column 4, lines 3-14).

5. Claims 10-16 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPN 3,972,735 to Breault in view of any one of USPN 3,573,991 to Lenfant or USPN 4,897,286 to Kosuda.

Regarding claims 10-16 and 19, Breault discloses a method of making a hydrophobic carbon fiber construction comprising the step of immersing a carbon fiber construction in an aqueous dispersion of highly fluorinated polymer (see the entire document including the paragraph bridging columns 2 and 3).

Although Breault fails to mention electrophoretically depositing the highly fluorinated polymer on the carbon fiber construction, Lenfant and Kosuda each disclose that it is known to contact particles with a counterlectrode and electrophoretically deposit the particles on a carbon fiber construction by applying an electric current between the carbon fiber construction and the counterelectrode to ensure a uniform coating on the carbon fiber construction (see entire

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documents including column 3, lines 65-75 of Lenfant and the paragraph bridging columns 5 and 6 of Kosuda). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to electrophoretically deposit the highly fluorinated polymer particles on the carbon fiber construction by applying an electric current between the carbon fiber construction and the counterelectrode to ensure a uniform coating on the carbon fiber construction.

Regarding claims 11, 13 and 19, Breault discloses that carbon fiber construction can be sintered (see the paragraph bridging columns 2 and 3).

Regarding claims 12-16 and 19, considering that the hydrophobic carbon fiber construction taught by the prior art is made by a method identical to the currently claimed method, it appears that the hydrophobic carbon fiber construction taught by the prior art inherently possesses a monolayer (as defined on page 3, lines 2-6 of the current specification) of particles of highly fluorinated polymer. In the event that it is shown that a monolayer does not exist, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to vary the voltage and/or current applied to vary the amount of polymer deposited, such that a monolayer of particles of highly fluorinated polymer was deposited based on the desired amount of polymer and because discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art (see column 5, lines 60-64 of Kosuda).

Regarding claims 15-16, Breault discloses that the highly fluorinated polymer may be PTFE (see the paragraph bridging columns 2 and 3).

6. Claims 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPN 3,972,735 to Breault in view of any one of USPN 3,573,991 to Lenfant or USPN 4,897,286 to

Kosuda as applied to claims 10-16 and 19 above, and further in view of USPN 6,803,143 to Zuber.

Breault is silent with regards to the specific carbon fiber constructions, therefore, it would have been necessary and thus obvious to look to the prior art for conventional constructions.

Zuber provides this conventional teaching showing that it is known in the art to use woven or nonwoven carbon fiber constructions (column 4, lines 3-14) Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the carbon fiber construction from a woven or nonwoven carbon fiber construction motivated by the expectation of successfully practicing the invention of Breault.

#### Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew T Piziali whose telephone number is (571) 272-1541. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:00-4:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel Morris can be reached on (571) 272-1478. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

atp

ANDREW T. PIZIALI
PATENT EXAMINER

TERREL MORRIS
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